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Synthesis of Eight-Membered Ring Compounds Using Enyne Metathesis

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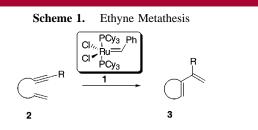
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ABSTRAC1

A novel procedure for synthesizing eight-membered ring compounds was developed using ruthenium-catalyzed enyne metathesis. When a CH₂Cl₂ solution of enyne connected with catechol, o-amino phenol, or o-phenylenediamine was stirred in the presence of benzylidene ruthenium carbene complex (10 mol %) at room temperature overnight, an eight-membered ring compound was obtained in high yield. In a similar manner, monocyclic 1,4-diaza- or 1-oxa-4-azacyclooctene derivative was obtained in high yield.

Olefin metathesis is very interesting and useful in synthetic organic chemistry because the two carbon-carbon double bonds are cleaved and new carbon-carbon bonds are formed between the two double bonds. Olefin metathesis is usually used as an intramolecular reaction, since in an intermolecular olefin metathesis the substrate is in a state of equilibrium with the products in the presence of ruthenium catalyst, many olefins are formed. Intramolecular enyne metathesis is also very interesting and useful. 1b,2 Formally, the reaction proceeds through the formation of a new carbon-carbon bond between the triple bond and the double bond to give cyclized product 3, and the alkylidene part of the alkene of 2 migrates onto the alkyne carbon to form a diene moiety^{1b,2} (Scheme 1).



We previously reported the synthesis of five- to sevenmembered cyclized products^{2g} using intramolecular enyne metathesis, and the novel synthesis of 1,3-diene using intermoleular enyne metathesis.^{2m,3}

Here, we report the synthesis of eight-membered ring compounds using ruthenium-catalyzed envne metathesis. In general, synthesis of eight-membered ring compounds⁴ is difficult. We planned the synthesis of eight-membered ring compounds from envne connected to an aromatic ring. When a CH₂Cl₂ solution of catechol derivative 4a and ruthenium carbene complex 1 (10 mol %)⁵ was stirred at room temperature for 7 days, the desired product 5a was obtained in 49% yield along with 4a in 31% yield (Table 1, run 1).

The reaction was further extended to the synthesis of various eight-membered ring compounds 5 connected with the aromatic ring (Table 1). The tosyl group on the nitrogen accelerated the reaction rate for the formation of eightmembered ring compounds 5c-e (runs 3-5).⁶ The enyne

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Table 1. Synthesis of Benzocyclooctene Derivatives **5** from Enynes **4**

| Run | Substrate | Product | Time | Yield (%) ^{a,b} |
|-----|------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| 1 (| o de | O 5a | OAc ⊳ 7d | 49 (31) |
| 2 | 0 4b | 0 5b | ≽ 50 h | 61 |
| 3 | O N 4c Ts | N 5c | 24 h | 84 |
| 4 | Ts N 4d Ts | Ts N N 5d Ts | * 7h | 97 |
| 5 | Ts N 4e Ts | Ts N N 5e | ≥ 21 h | 84 |

a) All reactions were carried out using 10 mol % of 1in CH_2Cl_2 at rt. b) The yield in parentheses is that of the recovered 4.

having the terminal alkyne **4e** gave **5e** in 84% yield (run 5).⁷

Subsequently, the synthesis of a nine-membered ring compound was attempted (Scheme 2). Compound 6 was

Scheme 2. Formation of Nine-Membered Ring Compound

treated in a similar manner overnight, but black ruthenium metals were gradually deposited, and the starting material 6 remained on TLC. After the usual workup, the desired ninemembered ring compound 7 was obtained in only 5% yield along with dimeric compound 9 (22% yield) and a small amount of 8 (5% yield), and the starting material was

recovered in 62% yield. The compound **8** would be formed by β -hydride elimination from the intermediary ruthenacy-clobutane **10**. Accordingly, ruthenium—methylidene carbene complex **1** is not regenerated.

Furthermore, various eight-membered ring compounds **12** were synthesized from the corresponding starting materials **11**, respectively (Table 2). Formation of *cis*-fused bicy-

Table 2. Synthesis of Eight-Membered Ring Compounds **12** from Enynes **11**

| Run | Substrate | Product | Condition | Yield (%) ^{a,b} |
|-----|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 (| Ts N N Ts 11a | Ts N N Ts 12 | 15 h, reflux | 42 (53) |
| 2 (| Ts N N Ts 11b | Ts N Ts 12 | 9.5 h, reflu: | x 54 (43) |
| 3 | Ts N Ts 11c | Ts N Ts 12 | 14.5 h, rt c | 95 |
| 4 | 0 N Ts 11d | 0 N Ts 12 | 7 h, rt d | 99 ^c |
| 5 | Ts N 11e | Ts N | 14.5 h, rt e | 11 (36) ^d |

a) All reactions were carried out in CH₂Cl₂ using 10 mol % of 1. b) The yield in parentheses is that of the recovered starting material. c) The ratio of **12d** to **13** was 2 to 1. d) The dimeric product **14** was obtained in 45% yield.

clooctene derivative 12b is easier than that of *trans*-fused bicyclooctene derivative 12a (runs 1 and 2). It is quite

Figure 1.

interesting that monocyclic eight-membered ring compound 12c was obtained in high yield from 11c (run 3), and compound 11d gave the cyclized product 12d along with its olefin isomer 13 in high yield. However, compound 11e gave 12e in only 11% yield under the same reaction conditions and the main product was dimeric product 14 (45% yield) (run 5). These results indicate that the formation

544 Org. Lett., Vol. 2, No. 4, 2000

of eight-membered compounds was accelerated by the two heteroatoms at the 1,4-position, but the reason for this is not clear.

In conclusion, eight-membered ring compounds could be synthesized in high yields using ruthenium-catalyzed in-

(3) The reaction course for intramolecular enyne metathesis is as shown:

Methylidene ruthenium—carbene complex **i**, which is formed from benzylidene carbene complex, reacts with alkyne to form ruthenacyclobutene **ii** via [2+2] cycloaddition. It is then converted into vinylcarbene complex **iii**, which reacts with olefin in a tether to give ruthenacyclobutane **iv**, and then bond fission occurs to give cyclized diene **3** and methylidene ruthenium complex **i**. Thus, the catalytic cycle is established. When **i** reacts first with the olefin moiety of enyne **2**, a similar catalytic cycle would occur. Compare with ref 2a and Hoye, R. T.; Donaldoson, S. M.; Vos, T. *Org. Lett.* **1999**, 1.276.

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tramolecular enyne metathesis. In these cases, the heteroatom plays an important role for the formation of the eightmembered ring. Further studies are in progress.

Supporting Information Available: ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR IR, and mass spectra of compounds 4a–e, 6 11a–e, 5a–e, 7, 8, 9, 12a–e 13, and 14. This material is available free of charge via Internet at http://pubs.acs.org.

OL991398A

(6) In the synthesis of an eight-membered ring compound from 4 using enyne metathesis, many pathways, such as the formation of the eight-membered ring compound 5 or nine-membered ring compound 17, or a medium-sized ring compound having *cis*- or *trans*-olefin, were considered:

However, it is difficult to distinguish which compound is formed in this reaction from the spectral data. Thus, the structure of **5d** was determined by X-ray crystallography, and it is confirmed that an eight-membered ring compound was formed in this reaction.

 $(\hat{7})$ Under ethylene gas, the yield of **5e** was 67%. In this case, an effect of ethylene gas was not observed.²¹

Org. Lett., Vol. 2, No. 4, 2000 545